

Indian Statistical Institute

Physics III: Electromagnetism & Electrodynamics

March 2004

Time: Two Hours

Maximum : 50 marks

Instructions: (i) All questions carry equal marks

(ii) Answer any THREE full questions from PART-A(iii) Answer any TWO questions from PART-BPART-A

1.
 - a) State and explain Coulomb's Law.
 - b) Define electrostatic potential and electric field intensity.
 - c) Derive a relation between electric field intensity and electrostatic potential
2.
 - a) State the Faraday's Law of electromagnetic induction.
 - b) Derive Maxwell's equation connected with Faraday's Law.
 - ~~c) Derive an expression for the motional e.m.f using Faraday's Law.~~
3.
 - a) Write down Maxwell's equations in free space for the time varying fields both in differential and integral forms.
 - b) Derive the equation of continuity.
 - c) Show that the conduction current in a parallel plate

capacitor is the same as the displacement current through it.

4. a) State and explain Biot-Savart's law.
b) Using Biot-Savart's law derive an expression for the magnetic flux density at any point on the axis of a solenoid.
5. a) State and prove Gauss Law.
b) Using Gauss Law find the electric field due to a spherical shell of charge
 - (i) at a point outside the surface.
 - (ii) at a point on the shell.
 - (iii) at a point inside the shell.

PART-B

1. a) Find the capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor:
 - (i) When the plate area is 1 m^2 , distance between the plates is 1 mm , voltage gradient is 10^5 V/m and charge density on the plates is $2\text{ micro coulomb/m}^2$.
 - (ii) When the stored energy is 5 micro joules and the voltage across the plate is 5 V .
2. a) A solenoid of 10 cm diameter and 30 cm length is wound with 150 turns and carries a current of 5 A . Find magnetic flux density at a point on the axis at a distance 10 cm from the mid-point of the solenoid.
b) A solenoid with air-core has 2000 turns and a length of 500 mm . Core radius is 40 mm . Find its inductance

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3. a) It is required to hold four equal point charges each in equilibrium at the corners of a square. Find the point charge which will do this, if placed at the center of the square.
4. a) Given the potential field $V = 50 x^2 y z + 20 y^2$ Volts in free space. Find,
(i) Voltage at a point $P(1, 2, -3)$
(ii) Field strength at P